Secondary ion mass spectrometry (SIMS) analysis of PIN and NIP structures grown on (113)-oriented diamond

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considered to be candidate of choice for awaited to endure tremendous Diamond I → the ultimate semiconductor high electric fields high voltage and high temperature physical for high power electronics with low leakage current power electronics properties Lying in Phosphorus doping stable could allow Boron doping **LSR** GEMaC n-type homoepilayers⁴ with (113)growth p⁺ enlarged² free-standing between obtaining & (100) and lower compensation ratio than on (100) plates with quality orientation orientation enlarged with higher electron mobility above 450°C during CVD¹ (111)crystals equivalent to $(100)^3$

Precursors and MPCVD reactors

SIMS analysis under diamond standard Cs⁺/M⁻conditions & high mass resolution⁵

p-type layers	Intrinsic layers	n-type layers
Diborane (B ₂ H ₆)	_	Tertiarybutyl- phosphine (TBP: C ₄ H ₁₁ P)
Plassys BJS150 reactor	2 reactors Plassys BJS150 : 1 for low phosphorus- doping 1 for undoped layer	Home-made metallic reactor



- Analyze simultaneously hydrogen, boron, and phosphorus
- Have low detection limit (DL) for phosphorus
- Identify the phosphorus mass from molecular ions of similar masses
- ¹¹B¹²C⁻ molecular ion for boron analysis

Mass	1	23	31
(a.m.u.)	(¹ H)	(¹¹ B ¹² C)	(³¹ P)
DL	1.0-1.4	1.3-3.5	4.5-5.7
(at/cm ³)	x10 ¹⁹	x10 ¹⁵	x10 ¹⁴

MPCVD: micro-wave plasma chemical vapor deposition

Pseudo-vertical structures





Optical images





Vertical structures





Zoom on the interface

Phosphorus ⇔ intrinsic layers

Boron \Leftrightarrow intrinsic

layers



The consortium masters the homoepitaxy of (113) phosphorus- and boron-doped diamond over a large range of content (10¹⁵ - 10²⁰ at/cm³) with sharp interfaces and precise thicknesses. In future work, the SIMS dopant profiles will be used to simulated the electrical response of the structures. The PIN and NIP structures will be also processed to realize and study diodes.

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